Metro Madness

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{July 2024} \\ \text{C++} - 2 \text{ Sec} - 512 \text{ MB} \end{array}$

Rumbling beneath the streets of Silhouettown, rickety train-cars roar along the city's Metro system. This web of rusty tracks hidden deep underground ferries commuters daily from the sleepy suburbs to Silhouettown's beating heart. Every year, the Metro lines get older and older. Every year, the Metro lines get more and more popular.

In their biannual address, the mayor has promised sweeping upgrades to the dilapidated Metro system. However, before the work can commence, the mayor wants to know exactly how many people ride the rails.

The Silhouettown Metro system consists of $\bf n$ stations (numbered from 1 to $\bf n$) connected by $\bf n-1$ bidirectional tracks. It is possible to move between any two stations by a sequence of tracks. The city's Public Transport Agency has recorded $\bf t$ trips — a trip involves $\bf p$ passengers moving from station $\bf a$ to station $\bf b$. A trip cannot start and end at the same station.

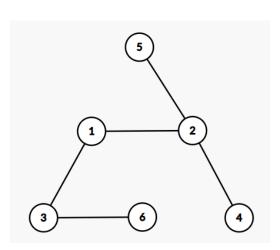
The mayor wants to know how many passengers pass through each station in the Metro system. A trip starting or ending at a given station counts as passing through that station.

INPUT You will be given two integers on a single line, \mathbf{n} and \mathbf{t} . This will be followed by $\mathbf{n}-1$ lines, each containing two integers, \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} , denoting that stations \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} are directly connected by a track. This will be followed by \mathbf{t} lines, each containing three integers, \mathbf{a} , \mathbf{b} , and \mathbf{p} , denoting that a trip involving \mathbf{p} passengers occurred between stations \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{b} .

$$\begin{array}{l} 2 \leq \mathbf{n} \leq 2^{16} \\ 1 \leq \mathbf{t} \leq 2^{20} \\ 1 \leq \mathbf{p} \leq 2^{10} \end{array}$$

OUTPUT For each station (from 1 to \mathbf{n}), output the number of passengers who pass through that station.

SAMPLE For example, suppose there are 6 stations, connected as shown in the diagram below, and 4 trips: 2 passengers travelling from 4 to 5, 3 passengers travelling from 5 to 6, 10 passengers travelling from 1 to 2, and 1 passenger travelling from 1 to 6.



After these trips have been made, the numbers of passengers who have passed through each station are: 14, 15, 4, 2, 5, and 4.

INPUT		
6 1 2 2 3 4 5 1	4 2 3 4 5 6 5 6 2 6	2 3 10 1
9	5	
1	2	
1	3	
1	4	
2	8	
8	9	
3	5	
3	6	
6	7	
8		5
2	4	3
9	2	10
7	5	4
3	5	1

OUTPUT